# Cyber and electronic payments fraud.



## Schemes and Red Flags

Scheme	What Happens	Red Flags to Watch For
Business Email Compromise (BEC)	Fraudsters spoof and/or compromise known business email accounts, impersonating executives, company personnel, or known vendors to request fund transfers to fraudulent accounts.	<ul> <li>Payment requests to new accounts</li> <li>Unusual, often urgent, instructions</li> <li>Unusual vendor invoices</li> <li>Out-of-character vendor behavior</li> <li>Typos in email</li> </ul>
Phishing Scams	Fraudsters use emails, mail, phone calls, QR codes, text messages and more to trick employees into sharing sensitive information, such as login credentials or financial data.	<ul> <li>Requests for login credentials or bank account information</li> <li>Suspicious email details, information, links, QR codes, or attachments</li> <li>*KeyBank will NEVER ask clients for their login credentials.</li> </ul>
Al Deepfake Fraud	Al-generated (artificial intelligence) audio or video mimicking executives, company personnel, or vendors who authorize fraudulent transactions or share sensitive information.	<ul> <li>Unusual executive or business partner requests</li> <li>Unwillingness with authentication practices</li> <li>Inconsistencies in audio or video</li> <li>Deviations from normal behavior</li> </ul>
Account Takeover and Double-Sided Spoofing	Fraudsters impersonate trusted entities and/or steal login credentials to access your company bank account or data, including financial systems and/or company emails.	<ul> <li>Unauthorized transactions appear in the bank account</li> <li>Increased security alert notification</li> <li>Manipulative tactics, also known as social engineering, to gain access to sensitive information</li> </ul>
Insider Fraud	Employees or contractors misuse access to company systems for fraudulent activity.	<ul> <li>Employee behavioral changes (i.e., unusual working hours, defensive behavior)</li> <li>Unusual data access patterns</li> <li>Irregular account transaction activity</li> </ul>
SIM Swapping	Fraudster takes control of a victim's phone number by transferring it to a new SIM card, allowing the interception of calls and messages.	<ul> <li>Sudden unexpected loss of cell service</li> <li>Unexpected calls or texts</li> <li>Calls and/or texts not coming through</li> <li>Applications do not recognize your device</li> </ul>
Ransomware	Fraudsters use malware to encrypt a company's data or overwhelm a company's servers with traffic and demand a ransom to stop the attack.	<ul> <li>Suspicious emails and communication</li> <li>Unusual security system alerts (slowness, firewall changes, pop-up warnings, etc.)</li> <li>Suspicious network activity (traffic, data transfers, etc.)</li> </ul>

## How can you protect yourself?



#### **Suspicious? Don't Reply Authenticate Educate Employees** Inform employees about schemes Never reply directly to suspicious With the rise of Al-generated scams, and how to identify them. Regular emails. (Fraudulent emails will be take the extra minute to properly employee training is recommended. different by a character.) Instead, authenticate the person and the reach out to a known contact using validity of the request. known contact information and do not use contact information provided in any suspicious emails. **Stay Vigilant Safeguard Information** Validate Payment Instructions Verify any new or changed payment Be suspicious of red flags such Never share user credentials (i.e. as negative reactions to probing usernames, passwords, etc.). instructions or invoices with a known questions, frustration or hesitancy Use enhanced methods of login contact before making payments. to comply with authentication, and credentials. Update passwords on Call known number, not number on typos in requests (names, email consistent basis. Never post payment invoice. domains, etc.). instructions publicly. **Multi-Layer Approval and Confirm Payment Receipt** Monitor and Escalate **Authentication** Implement multi-layer payment Immediately after a payment is made, Review your account activity daily approval process (initiator and contact the known vendor/payee to for unusual behavior, and if a scam approver) and recommend your confirm receipt of the payment. is suspected, escalate the situation business partners/vendors use immediately, both internally and to multi-factor authentication before your KeyBank relationship team. processing requests. **Utilize Products and Tools Set Up/Review Online Alerts Set Limits** Review the suite of fraud solutions Set up appropriate account alerts Set financial transaction limits on your KeyBank online banking with your relationship team and based on your business needs and profile to get notified of any abnormal help ensure you have products that requirements. account behavior. Take this action for protect your account activity. all user account profiles.

### If you believe you are a victim of fraud, please take the following steps:

- Contact the Key Fraud Client Service Center at 800-433-0124. Dial 711 for TTY/TRS.
- · Contact law enforcement.
- Contact your Relationship Manager or Payments Advisor.

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